

ΔΡΑΣΤΗΡΙΟΤΗΤΕΣ

1. Να υπολογίσεις το γινόμενο.

$$2 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2 \times 50 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2 \times 500 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$20 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$200 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$20 \times 50 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$6 \times 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$6 \times 80 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$6 \times 800 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$60 \times 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$600 \times 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$60 \times 80 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2. Να συμπληρώσεις.

$$(\alpha) 2 \times 20 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(\beta) 30 \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(\gamma) 40 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(\delta) 700 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(\epsilon) 10 \times 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(\sigma\tau) 7 \times 70 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(\zeta) 8 \times 90 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(\eta) 400 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(\theta) 4 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 160$$

$$(\iota) 3 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 600$$

$$(\kappa) 20 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 100$$

$$(\lambda) \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 6 = 180$$

$$(\mu) 5 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 350$$

$$(\nu) \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 7 = 210$$